



eircom **wholesale**

Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link (WEIL)

Inter-Operator Process Manual

Issue 1.4

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**Revision history**

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Associated documents

Title	Location
	www.eircomwholesale.ie



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Glossary

CoS	Class of Service
GUI	Graphical User Interface
NTU	Network Termination Unit
POH	Point of Handover
SAB	Service Access Bandwidth
S-VLAN	Service Virtual Local Area Network
UG	Unified Gateway
WEIL	Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link
WSEA	Wholesale Symmetrical Ethernet Access Product



1. Introduction

The purpose of this Inter-Operator Process Manual is to define between eircom and Operators the processes relating to Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link (WEIL) ensuring that both Parties have an appropriate understanding of their respective roles and responsibilities.

This document is subject to review and will be re-issued to reflect changes as new developments are introduced which shall be communicated in accordance with agreed practices. Any specific technology mentioned in this document is current as at date of issue and is for guidance purposes only. eircom reserves the right to adapt the technology used to deliver Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links.

This document is without prejudice to any future position that may be adopted by eircom in respect of Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links. It should be read in conjunction with the relevant associated eircom Wholesale documents (where appropriate, reference offer, product description and SLA).

The prevailing version of this document will always be available on www.eircomwholesale.ie.

Prior to requesting the product an Operator may find product information on the eircom wholesale website www.eircomwholesale.ie or discuss their requirements with their Customer Relationship Manager / Account Manager.

The following diagram is a high level process associated with this product:

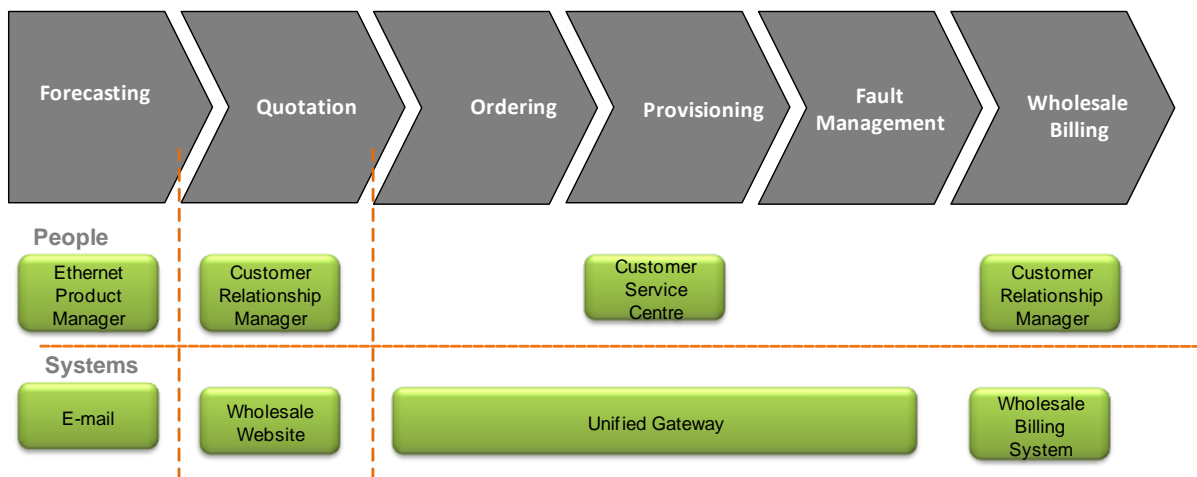


Figure 1: Process, people and systems overview

2. Forecasting Process

This section outlines the processes to support the forecasting for Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links.

Operators are requested to provide forecasts on a rolling 12 month quarterly basis. Forecasts should be submitted by an Operator using the form outlined in Appendix 1. The eircom Customer Relationship Manager will e-mail the forecast form to Operators one calendar month prior to the forecast submission date. Operators will fill in the forecast form with the relevant forecast information. The form should include a 12 month forecast broken into 4 quarters. The forecasts should be submitted one quarter in advance, therefore not detailing a forecast for the quarter following submission. Operators should submit the updated forecast form by e-mail to their eircom Customer Relationship Manager (CRM).



The forecast should be submitted on the second Tuesday of the month prior to the quarter beginning. For example forecast of Qtr 1 (Jan-Mar) of 2011 should be submitted to eircom on 14th December 2010.

The forecasting process supports eircom's NTU procurement; capital forecasting and network build-out planning only and is disassociated from the Provisioning process or the associated SLA.

3. Quotation Process

An Operator may request a quotation for the product using the quotation tool (Web GUI): The Quotation Tool is located on the UG Web GUI under the Data Product menu and via the QDC order type. See Appendix 2.

In order to access the Quotation Tool, Operator system administrators will need to add the new QDC order type to user profiles.

If an Operator does not have access to the Data Products menu or they do not have any access to the Web GUI they should contact their eircom Customer Relationship Manager

eircom will provide a quote with an indicative price, which will be subject to full site survey. eircom quotations are estimates and are not contractually binding.

Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links are physically delivered over fibre, which is subject to survey and availability. The lead-time is classified as "standard" with a defined lead-time or "non standard" where eircom will provide a forecasted due delivery date. The standard price applies where the end user's premises is served by useable eircom owned duct¹ and is within 500 metres of an available eircom access fibre which can connect to the serving eircom NGN node.

On-site appointments for installation of fibre and NTU will be required and will be arranged through an Operator contact.

4. Ordering Process

This section outlines the Operator processes to support the ordering of a WEIL.

See the WEIL Product Description document for product rules which apply. Extract from WEIL Product Description:

- ▶ Minimum of one Service Access Bandwidth is required per Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link order. Additional SABs can be ordered for the WEIL subsequently.
- ▶ Each Operator is responsible to ensure that they do not breach the WEIL capacity.
- ▶ Each Operator is responsible to ensure that Service Access Bandwidths are configured to meet their end user requirements.

4.1 Order Types

The following order types are supported:

- ▶ Provide

¹ Useable duct for fibre assumes that there is sufficient space in the duct to draw in a sub-duct



- Change
- Move
- Cease
- Cancel

There are two product components as part of the Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link:

- Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link (WEIL)
- Service Access Bandwidths (SABs)

4.2 Order Format

Following the quotation process all requests for WEIL should be placed by an Operator via the Unified Gateway (UG) web GUI. The UG is an order management and fault handling system designed to be the primary interface between eircom and an Operator. A high level overview of the UG system can be found in Appendix 4.

Please note that there will be no change to the current eircom Wholesale process for providing SLA Order Process Point notifications which is via automated email.

It should be noted that all status information provided via the Unified Gateway is for information purposes only. Only SLA Order Process Point notifications will be treated as formal notifications for the purposes of SLA penalty calculations.

4.2.1 Orders for Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link

Orders for the Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link (WEIL) 1Gb/s or 10Gb/s must be submitted via the UG. Orders for 10Gb/s will be treated as a new provide order.

The SAB bandwidth required and the associated Aggregate percentage Expedited Forwarding and percentage Assured Forwarding SAB bandwidths must be specified at point of order.

Additional SABs can be ordered for the WEIL subsequently.

When a WEIL order is acknowledged by eircom both the WEIL and the SAB are assigned circuit reference numbers and an Operator advised accordingly.

Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links may only be ordered from the eircom NGN nodes listed in Appendix 3.

The following minimum details are required when ordering a WEIL:

- Operator information details
- WEIL Point of Handover Site address
- WEIL Point of Handover Site contact name, number and email address
- Required by date for the WEIL, if appropriate
- Remarks (e.g. details of any site specific access requirements)



- NTU UNI interface presentation (electrical or optical) and port setting
- Mini-GBIC (SFP or XFP) type required
- NTU power supply: AC or DC
- Required Bandwidth for the first SAB on the WEIL
- Aggregate Bandwidths: percentage EF (0-100%) and percentage AF (0-100%) for the first SABs on the WEIL

4.2.1.1 Orders for WEIL ENH

All WEIL-ENH orders will require eircom access to an Operator's premises to facilitate survey, infrastructure installation, service delivery and for fault management. See Appendix 7 for eircom's minimum access arrangements.

There are three elements to the WEIL ENH order

- Quotation for Infrastructure Build - QIB-ENH - eircom site survey of Operator premises and diverse fibre routes to eircom's core network
- Provide Infrastructure Build - PIB-ENH - eircom provides the infrastructure build required to support WEIL ENH deployment
- Provide WEIL-ENH Order - eircom delivers the WEIL-ENH

A) Quotation for Infrastructure Build - QIB-ENH

An Operator is required to raise a Quotation for Infrastructure Build - QIB-ENH via the UG.

The Operator must specify, inter alia:

- WEIL-ENH Point of Handover Site address and location
- Operator Point of Contact details for Operators premises

This will trigger an eircom survey of an Operator's premises and diverse fibre routes to eircom's core network which establishes the costs associated with providing the required infrastructure required to support the WEIL ENH product.

Upon completion of the survey an Operator will be provided with the connection and rental charges associated with the required infrastructure to support the WEIL ENH and the rental and connection charges associated with the WEIL-ENH. An Operator will confirm that they wish to (1) proceed with the WEIL ENH order or (2) cancel the order.

If an Operator cancels the order an invoice for the "quotation for infrastructure build" QIB-ENH order element will be issued.

The average lead time for QIB-ENH is five working weeks.



B) Provide Infrastructure Build – PIB-ENH

If an Operator formally confirms that they wish to proceed with the order upon receipt of the infrastructure rental and connection fees the Operator will now place a PIB-ENH order via the UG. The PIB-ENH is delivered by eircom providing the infrastructure build required to support WEIL ENH deployment. Work on the required infrastructure will commence after payment in full of the connection fee has been received by eircom.

Note that before a PIB-ENH order will be accepted the Operator and eircom must have agreed and documented the access arrangements to the Operator's site by eircom staff.

The Operator must specify, inter alia:

- WEIL-ENH Point of Handover Site address and location
- Operator Point of Contact details for infrastructure installation work
- The average lead time for PIB-ENH is sixteen to twenty working weeks.
- All WEIL -PIB-ENH orders will be treated as projects and hence non standard orders.

C) Provide WEIL-ENH Order – eircom delivers the WEIL-ENH

An Operator will place a WEIL-ENH order via the UG upon receipt of a completion notification for the PIB-ENH order.

All WEIL-ENH orders will be treated as projects and hence non standard orders.

Orders for 10Gb/s WEIL ENH 1+1 protection cannot be submitted via UG but instead must be submitted via the eircom Wholesale Account Manager.

The 10Gb/s WEIL ENH protection circuit will be assigned a circuit reference number (LMCxxxxxx) and the Operator will be advised accordingly.

4.2.2 Orders for additional Service Access Bandwidth (SAB)

Orders for additional SABs on a WEIL must be submitted via the UG.

A maximum of ten Service Access Bandwidths can be ordered per 1Gb WEIL, and up to twenty Service Access Bandwidths can be ordered per 10Gb WEIL.

The following details are required when ordering a SAB:

- WEIL Circuit reference number
- Required bandwidth for each individual SAB on the WEIL
- Aggregate Bandwidths: %EF (0-100%) and %AF (0-100%) for each SAB on the WEIL



The overall capacity of all SABs within a WEIL must not exceed the physical capacity of the WEIL. If an Operator exceeds the WEIL capacity the SAB order will be rejected.

4.3 Sales Process Points

- Order Receipt (OR): the forwarding of a valid order to eircom on a standard order form. The SLA "clock" begins when the order form is received by eircom.
- Order Acknowledgement (OA): the acceptance of an order form by eircom and acknowledgement to an Operator that the order has been received, the order form is correctly filled in and is being processed.
- Order Validation (OV): confirmation, or otherwise, that an order is deliverable by eircom within the standards set down in the WEIL SLA. Standard order delivery time is in accordance with the delivery times listed in the WEIL SLA. Where appropriate this step shall include a site survey.

At the end of the Order Validation Step four events are allowable:

- The order is determined to be within the definition of a "standard" order and a delivery date is set in accordance with the appropriate SLA;
 - The order is determined to be a "non-standard" order under the allowable exceptional circumstances set out in the WEIL SLA;
 - The order is determined to be a "project" order when it is ordered as part of an agreed project;
 - Should an Operator request a circuit to be delivered on a date after the calculated Delivery Due Date (Standard or non-standard or project) then this date shall become the due delivery date and shall be taken as the standard delivery date for the purposes of SLA compliance calculations.
-
- Order Forecast (OF): Notification to an Operator of a delivery date of an order that is validated as "non-standard". This delivery date shall be taken as the "standard" date for the purposes of SLA compliance calculations. If new duct/poles and/or fibre build work is required then additional charges may apply.
 - Delivery Confirmation (DC): prior to the delivery date eircom shall confirm in writing to an Operator as to whether the delivery date will be met. This will enable Operators to better manage their customers' expectations. In the event that the Delivery Confirmation advises that the Delivery will not be met eircom must advise an Operator of the Revised Delivery Date (RDF) within three (3) Working Days of the original due delivery date. Should the new delivery date be in excess of ten (10) Working Days of the previous Due Delivery Date then the cancellation process maybe triggered, otherwise the confirmation process recommences.
 - The Delivery Confirmation/Reconfirmation shall be considered a single process for Service Credit calculation purposes.
 - Delivery of Service: the provision of the purchased service by eircom.
 - Delivery Notification (DN): date of issuance of a completion notice by eircom to an Operator.
 - Completion of order: An order is deemed to be completed on dispatch of Delivery Notification (DN) and working service by an Operator. An Operator has two (2) Working Days to accept the circuit as completed as specified. At Delivery Notification the service delivery "clock" is stopped. If an Operator cannot accept the circuit because it is faulty the "clock" starts again until such time as the circuit is accepted. If an Operator does not inform eircom of its acceptance or



otherwise of the circuit, it will be deemed to be accepted by an Operator for the purpose of any SLA penalty calculation.

- If the fault is subsequently found to be in an Operator network or no fault is found, the original date of the completion notice shall apply to the order. eircom's standard terms and conditions regarding recovery of costs for reported faults found to be not in the eircom network shall apply.
- Service Provision: the activation by eircom of the ordered service.
- Working Day: 09:00 – 17:00 Monday to Friday excluding public or bank holidays in Ireland.

4.4 Customer delay process

- In the event that an Operator delays installation of the service for any reason, this will constitute a customer delay, stopping the SLA clock.
- In the event that the end-customer refuses right of entry to eircom when an appointment has been made, or delays installation of the circuit for any reason, the "Standard Time" will be extended by the number of working days delay incurred as a result. eircom will inform an Operator by close of business the following day.
- Should the delay last more than 5 days, then the "clock" shall be re-started at a mutually agreed date, to reflect the requirement for eircom to reschedule its work for this delivery. The customer delay notification will be sent to an Operator contact point via e-mail using the Customer Delay Notification (CDN) form.

It is important to note that an Operator is the eircom customer and problems regarding customer delay are a matter for an Operator to resolve with their own customers.

4.4.1 Required Operator Activities (to avoid customer delay)

For timely connection of service the following requirements must be met by an Operator prior to requesting service.

- That a suitable place and conditions for eircom's apparatus are provided and ready when orders are placed with eircom. Suitable space and facilities includes power supply, environmental conditions, lighting and appropriate electrical fittings at the customer's premises to allow eircom to install and provide the circuit.
- If service is to be provided to a 'Green field site' then the building should be near completion when orders are received by eircom.
- That the appropriate personnel (including security personnel) on the sites are aware of a visit by eircom staff.
- That the end user contact persons or a suitable substitute is available when eircom staff call at the site. The customer delay rectification will be sent to an Operator contact point via e-mail using the customer delay rectification form.

4.4.2 Processes to rectify customer delay

- In the event that orders enter a 'customer delayed' state, discussions will be held with the relevant Operator on a bi lateral arrangement. It will be expected that every effort will be made by an Operator to resolve the delay quickly. In the event that a quick resolution is not possible then a forecast of the resolution will be forthcoming within two days of the customer delay notification from the relevant Operator.



- Requests from eircom for information on the progress of the problem causing the customer delay must be given to eircom in a timely manner.

4.5 Cancel process

In the event the Operator cancels an order for a Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link circuit following order validation and prior to the Commencement Date for Charging, eircom shall be entitled to invoice the Operator for the connection charges as set out in the eircom Network Price List.

The Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link SLA document, section 2, describes the cancellation process in the event of cancellation at Order Forecast and where Delivery Due Date is missed.

4.6 Change orders:

A change order will only be associated with a SAB. A Change order can be raised to Change Bandwidth or Change Aggregate Expedited Forwarding/Assured Forwarding Bandwidth.

4.6.1 Change SAB Bandwidth: upgrade and downgrade Orders

An Operator may increase or decrease their SAB bandwidth.

Change SAB Bandwidth orders should be submitted via the UG.

The following details are required when ordering a Change Bandwidth Upgrade/Downgrade:

- WEIL (physical) circuit reference number
- SAB Circuit reference number
- New SAB bandwidth

4.6.2 Change SAB Aggregate EF/AF bandwidth

An Operator may change their SAB Aggregate Expedited Forwarding /Assured Forwarding bandwidth parameters.

Change SAB Aggregate Bandwidth (percentage Expedited Forwarding & percentage Assured Forwarding values) orders should be submitted via the UG.

The following details are required when ordering a Change Aggregate Expedited Forwarding/Assured Forwarding Bandwidth:

- SAB Circuit reference number
- New Expedited Forwarding bandwidth percentage figure
- New Assured Forwarding bandwidth percentage figure

4.7 Move WEIL

Moves of a WEIL will be managed as an agreed project between eircom and an Operator. The project will be subject to non-standard mutually agreed lead-times.

Depending on the new location of the end user site a move order or a cross referenced cease and provide order will be raised by eircom. It should be noted that a cross referenced cease and provide order will result in a change of WEIL and SAB circuit reference numbers.



4.8 Change Matrix

The below table outlines the order actions that maybe requested and the billing implications of same.

	Circuit Reference Number	Bill Text	Circuit Reference Changed (Y/N or N/A)				
			Provide	Change (i.e. Bandwidth or CoS)	Move	Cease	Cancel
WSEA Physical	SEAxxxxxxx	W/S Sym Eth Access (10M-1G)	N/A	No	Yes/No*	N/A	N/A
WSEA Logical	WESxxxxxxx	WSEA Cct / Traf base option [1-5]/[1-85] [10M-1G]	N/A	No	Yes/No**	N/A	N/A
WEIL	EILxxxxxxx	Wholesale [CSH/ISH/IBH/ENH] EIL 1Gb/10Gb	N/A	N/A	Yes***	N/A	N/A
SAB	SABxxxxxxx	Transaction Charge	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 1: Change order matrix

A WSEA Change order can be raised to: Change Bandwidth, Change CoS, Change associated SAB.

A SAB Change order can be raised to Change Bandwidth or Change Aggregate Expedited Forwarding/Assured Forwarding Bandwidth.

*For the WSEA physical if a move involves moving to a different exchange we would have to cease the existing and re-provide a new circuit to the new address – SEAxxxxxxx would change. For a move in the building or within the exchange area there would be no change to circuit reference number.

**If a cease and reprovide is required for the WSEA physical the same will have to be done for the WSEA logical – cease and reprovide resulting in new circuit reference number.

***For the WEIL – any move requiring change of address will have to be managed as a project and may result in all circuit references changing as any dependent circuits will have to moved (point to a SAB on a different EIL for WSEAs) and or ceased and re-provided (SABs will definitely need this)

4.9 Cessation Process

A cease order can be submitted for the WEIL or the SAB.

Cease orders should be submitted via the UG.

Operators are required to give a minimum of one-calendar months' notice of the date of cessation, which expires on the last day of the calendar month following that in which the notice is given ("notice period"). eircom will discontinue service and cease billing at the end of the notice period unless a longer period is agreed between the parties.

4.9.1 Cease Service Access Bandwidth

A SAB can be ceased only if all the associated WSEA circuits (see separate WSEA Product Description, IPM and SLA documents) have been ceased (or moved) in advance. The management of the cessation of any access circuits served by the SAB is the responsibility of an Operator. If these access circuits are not ceased in advance then the cease SAB order will be rejected.



Cease SAB orders should be submitted via UG, quoting the SAB Circuit reference number.

4.9.2 Cease Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link

A WEIL cannot be ceased until all associated SABs (see above) have been ceased in advance. The management of the cessation of any SABs served by the WEIL is the responsibility of an Operator. If they are not ceased in advance then the cease WEIL order will be rejected.

Cease WEIL orders should be submitted via the UG, quoting the WEIL Circuit reference number.

Cease orders for 10Gb/s WEIL ENH with 1+1 Protection cannot be submitted via UG but instead must be submitted via the eircom Wholesale Account Manager.

The cessation of Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links includes the decommissioning of the service and the recovery of eircom equipment from the Operator's premises. An appointment will be required to retrieve equipment.

Recovery of infrastructure following cessation of WEIL ENH service will be handled on a case by case basis.

5. Fault Management Process

5.1 Introduction

This section outlines the processes to support the fault management of Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links.

All WEIL faults should be logged by an Operator via the Unified Gateway (UG)

If the fault is found to be in an Operator network (including its CPE), eircom's standard terms and conditions regarding recovery of costs for reported faults found not to be in the eircom network shall apply.

5.2 Fault Definitions

Fault:

A fault is the inability to transfer data across the WEIL at its nominal capacity for the particular circuit.

Repair Time:

The duration between the time a fault is first reported to eircom in accordance with the fault reporting procedures and the time marked by eircom as a "Confirmed Clear Permanent", excluding Parked Time.

On completion of repair, a fault ticket is given a "Pending Clear" status and that ticket is parked i.e. the clock is stopped until the fault clear is either accepted by an Operator or 3 working hours from the pending clear Operator notification time has elapsed.

If the fault has either been accepted by an Operator or 3 working hours has elapsed from "Pending Clear" Operator notification, the fault ticket is un-parked and given a "Confirmed Clear Permanent" status together with an associated final clear code and the fault ticket is permanently closed.

If an Operator responds with a rejection of repair the ticket is un-parked, the clock is re-started and repair work recommences. On completion of repair, the "Pending Clear" status is applied again, Operator is notified and the fault is parked and the process above is repeated.

Single Point of Contact: The Single Point of Contact, (SPOC) who is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.



Non-Availability: The period of non-availability will commence at the time a fault is first reported to eircom in accordance with the fault reporting procedures. The period of non-availability shall end from the time logged by eircom that the service is available to the end-customer, notification will be provided to eircom via an Operator.

5.3 Fault Reporting

An Operator – after proving the fault out of their network – should log a fault for this service against the WEIL circuit reference number via the UG.

Faults in relation to performance or intermittent faults can be logged on the UG under the intermittent error report type. The remarks field can be used to outline the nature of the fault.

5.4 Fault Response

When a fault has been correctly logged and acknowledged, eircom will undertake preliminary testing and fault localisation. Following this, fault clearance will be instigated. The maximum response time is $T + 1$ SLA hours where T is the time that the fault has been logged by eircom.

5.5 Fault Resolution

An Operator may check the status of a fault on UG at any time throughout the lifecycle of a fault.

Service shall be deemed to have been restored when the fault condition is resolved on the eircom network and service availability restored to the Operator. Notification will be provided by eircom to an Operator. eircom reserves the right to put in place temporary service restoration while repairs to a fault are undertaken.

On completion of repair, a fault report is given an "Unconfirmed Clear" status and it is parked. Please see Appendix 6 for a high level overview of the Fault Handling Process.

5.6 Fault Management Escalation Procedures

The purpose of escalating a fault should be to inject some urgency or expediency into the resolution of a fault. The escalation process needs to be standardised and regulated so that escalations are effective and produce results. Escalations should always take place at a "peer to peer" level i.e., the designated escalation level single point of contact (SPOC). An Operator should only escalate to his or her corresponding designated escalation level SPOC in eircom and vice-versa.

The escalation of WEIL Faults may take place as detailed below:

- Fault Response:

If the maximum Response time of $T + 1$ SLA hours has not been met an Operator may escalate to Level 1 in eircom. Subsequent levels of escalation may be made for every 4 SLA hours after this time that a Response has not been made.

- Fault Resolution:

For the purpose of escalations, since there is no maximum repair time, a "Notional Target" ('NT') repair time of 8 SLA hours should be adopted. Subsequently, in order to introduce the notion of "jeopardy management" the escalation at first level may take place 7 SLA hours after the fault is first logged by eircom. Subsequent levels of escalation may be made at 4 SLA hour intervals after the first escalation.

If an escalation is made and a voicemail left by an Operator "escalator", the eircom "escalatee" has 30 minutes to respond to an Operator "escalator". If a return call is not received by an Operator "escalator", they may escalate to the next level themselves.



The eircom Points of Contact for escalations are set out in the table below. Each Operator should notify eircom of their Peer Escalation Level names and contact details.

Escalation Level	Title	Escalate Fault Resolution after:
1	WTM Team Leader	7 SLA hrs
2	WTM Manager	7 + 4 (ie 11hrs)
3	Customer Relationship Director	7 + 8 (ie 15hrs)
4	Director of Wholesale	7 + 12 (ie 19hrs)

Table 2: Escalations Points of Contact – details to be provided on a peer to peer basis with each Operator.

Note: Escalations for all Products within the SLA must be “accepted” by eircom and vice-versa. If the relevant previous escalations have not been made, or if the time intervals have not been observed, the escalation may be rejected by eircom.

6. Maintenance

This section outlines the processes to support the maintenance management of Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links.

6.1 Maintenance Definitions

Maintenance is defined as the act of maintaining or the state of being maintained, reducing the occurrence of fault conditions.

Maintenance Notification is the notice to withdraw plant from service and will be given to an Operator Network Management Centre (an Operator’s NMC).

6.2 Planned Maintenance Notification Procedure

Any planned maintenance work which may result in the temporary interruption of any of the Services offered by the WEIL or the temporary unavailability of a network element in the WEIL requires written notification prior to the scheduled planned work. It is recognised that planned maintenance work is a regular and normal occurrence, and that this section refers only to planned maintenance work which directly affects a WEIL or an outage on an offered NGN Node.

The notification for planned works shall be made to an Operator by e-mail using the “Notification of Planned Maintenance” form (see Appendix 5).

6.3 Planned Maintenance Procedure

Notification to withdraw plant from service will be given to An Operator Network Management Centre (An Operator NMC) where eircom plan to carry out work. eircom will issue a reference number for all planned works.

In order to avoid problems it is essential that the planned work is planned and notified well in advance and is performed, under normal situations, within Preferred Hours as described below.



When it is not practicable and for certain categories of planned work e.g. for urgent fault investigations, relaxation of the preferred hours may apply. This shall be decided on a per case basis.

6.3.1 Preferred hours for major works

The standard periods allocated for Planned Maintenance work which requires system down time and where traffic will be disrupted are shown below.

Preferred hours: 00:01 – 06:00

6.4 Notification Process and Timescale for Planned Maintenance

eircom will notify an Operator of the planned work by email using the "Notification of Planned Maintenance" form (see Appendix 5).

The minimum advance notification that is required for service outages due to Planned Maintenance is 10 working days.

Having been notified of planned maintenance an Operator must review and respond to the proposal within 3 working days of receipt.

On completion of the Planned Maintenance work eircom will notify an Operator that the work was completed as planned within 1 working day of the planned completion time, by emailing the completed "Notification of Planned Maintenance" form.

6.5 Escalation Process

If the date or timing of the Planned Maintenance work is unsuitable then an Operator must contact eircom so that a suitable date and time can be agreed. If the Planned Maintenance work is critical and essential to the operation of eircom's network then an Operator cannot veto the work.

6.6 Unplanned Maintenance

Unplanned maintenance is the procedure designed to minimise the effect of faults on the Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link/NGN nodes, of essential maintenance, or of alteration or improvement to the Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Link/NGN nodes, whereby services are temporarily suspended in an unplanned manner. Where possible eircom will give an Operator notice prior to such suspension and eircom will restore service as soon as possible after such suspension.

While endeavouring to keep the unplanned maintenance to a minimum, when they do occur eircom will make the best endeavour to supply an Operator with as much notification prior to the work commencing.



Appendix 1 – Forecast Form for Wholesale Ethernet Interconnect Links

Version 1.0

16/07/10

Using Forecasting Forms

Included in this document is the Forecasting forms for ordering WEIL and WSEA NGN Ethernet products.

All operators who wish to order these products are requested to provide forecasts each quarter on their requirements. This quarterly forecast must show the operators WEIL and WSEA requirements on a 12 month rolling, quarterly, basis.

Instructions on what data to include in the Forms:

WEIL worksheet

Forecast Information

The total number of orders for WEIL, per NGN Node, that are forecasted for each quarter must be broken down into the 3 different handover options that are available, which are outlined below:

- (1) Customer Sited Handover (CSH)
- (2) In-Span Handover (ISH)
- (3) In-Building Handover (IBH)

A total number of NTU Type (AC/DC) forecasted must be highlighted per quarter.

WSEA Form

Forecast Information

The total bandwidth, per NGN node, must be broken into the 3 different types of circuit based "Class of Service".

EF - Expedited Forwarding
AF - Assured Forwarding
STD - Standard Forwarding

Also included in this worksheet is the Column "No. WSEA". In this column the number of WSEA's in place by the end of the quarter should be highlighted. This means the number of WSEA that have been provided.

Information on circuit based "Class of Service" is located in the WSEA Product Description Document. The total number of NTUs forecasted per quarter must be broken into NTU type (Single/Double PSU).

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<p>Sites will be added to the forecast list as the NGN Node Sites become active. Sites may also be removed from the list if necessary. This forecast form is used to identify the order levels per NGN Node site, and is necessary to maintain inventory levels. If Operators do not submit this forecast it will impact on the ability to provide orders.</p>														
Section 1														
Operator Company Name														
Operator Contact Name														
Operator Contact e-mail														
Operator Billing Address														
<p>Note: the total number of WEIL's forecasted per site should be included and broken down into the type of handover required, i.e. CSH, ISH, IBH</p>														
<p>Note: No. WEIL - this is the number of WEIL's that will be in place by the end of the quarter, how many will be provisioned</p>														
Section 2														
Total Number of WEILs Forecasted per site														
WEIL eircom NGN Node														
Handover Options														
Location A														
Location B														
Location C														
Location D														
			Qtr 1 [Jul'10 - Sept'10]			Qtr 2 [Oct'10 - Dec'10]			Qtr 3 [Jan'11-Mar'11]			Qtr 4 [Apr'11- Jun'11]		
			CSH	ISH	IBH	CSH	ISH	IBH	CSH	ISH	IBH	CSH	ISH	IBH



Appendix 2 - Quotation Tool

eircom

eircom Wholesale
enabling communications solutions

Home
DP Orders >>
DP Faults >>
Password Change
Logout
Wholesale Home page
Legal Disclaimer

Quotation for Data Circuit

* CIRCUIT DETAILS

* Circuit Type

* Reference Number (Will be set by system if not supplied)

Submit Cancel

© 2010 eircom Wholesale Tel: 1800 656 656 email: wholesale@eircom.ie

Note:

All eircom wholesale supplied quotations are “subject to survey” and exclusive of VAT. Quotations are not contractually binding on either party. eircom wholesale price quotations remain valid for 21 calendar days, but may be subject to alteration to reflect the prevailing eircom wholesale pricing at the actual time of order.



Appendix 3 - WEIL Locations

Please refer to the roll-out schedule for up to date WEIL locations, if you do not have access to the current roll-out schedule please contact your account manager.



Appendix 4 - Overview of Unified Gateway (UG) web GUI

The UG is an order management and fault handling system designed to be the primary interface between eircom and an Operator. Operators will be able to enter all the necessary data via structured on line screens for ordering. Once all the data has been entered the order can be submitted. The UG will accept and validate the relevant orders and will provide appropriate notifications in response. Order updates through to completion will then be provided back to an Operator and can be viewed via the order tracking screens.

SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION OVERVIEW:

An Operator will be able to create users and passwords, and set user profiles for each user. For added security, a Digital Certificate is also required for each user.

An Operator may obtain information for System Administrators from their eircom Customer Relationship Manager.

ORDERING OVERVIEW:

Operators will be able to enter all necessary data via a structured on line screen. Once all the data has been entered the order can be submitted. Operators can enter their own unique order reference number prior to order submission – this can then be used to search for the order and check status. If an Operator reference number is not submitted then a unique order reference will be provided by the Unified Gateway.

Order Tracking and Status Updates

Real time status updates will be provided for all data orders submitted via the Unified Gateway. Access is provided via the on line Order Tracking Menu and orders can be searched using:

- Operator submitted reference (customer) number
- UG Reference number
- Circuit reference number

The list below provides details of all possible status updates that are available:

Status Updates
Acceptance/Rejection
Categorisation (standard / non-standard)
Delayed Notification (Forecast / Re-Forecast)
Delivery Confirmation
Completion (Delivery)
Customer Delay Start
Customer Delay End
Undeliverable

Table 3: Status updates – order tracking

FAULT LOGGING OVERVIEW:

A new order type (FDC - Fault on Data Circuit) will be created which will allow users to directly log faults onto the Unified Gateway via a set of new web GUI screens.

They will be able to log the fault using the eircom circuit identifier and will be presented with a structured online screen consisting of a list of fault request details.



The fault reporting screen will also contain a number of additional questions which the Operator will be required to answer before submitting the fault report. Operators will also be required to enter their own fault reference (this will be a mandatory field). Once all this data has been captured on the online screen the order can then be submitted.

Fault Tracking and Status Updates

It is intended that all existing fault tracking, search and reporting capabilities that are in place for other products will be replicated for data faults.

Real time status updates will be provided for all data orders submitted via the UG. Operators will be able to track their faults using the on-line Fault Tracking Menu using the following search criteria:

- Operator Fault Reference
- UG Reference Number
- Circuit ID

The list below provides details of all possible status updates that are available:

Status Updates
Accepted
Reported
Response
Assigned to Crew
Dispatched to Crew
Park
Un-park
Pending Clear
Feedback
Completed (= Clear Permanent)

Table 4: Status updates – fault tracking



Appendix 5 - Notification of Planned Maintenance Form

Notification of Outage

eircom Date of Issue

eircom Reference

Time of Outage

Details of Outage



Appendix 6 – High Level Overview of the Fault Handling Process

As a general rule fault diagnosis should start at the NGN aggregation node and work out towards the NTU. At a high level the steps should be:

1. Gather all relevant information (and sketch the network):
 - NGN Aggregation node and port
 - Service type (WES)
 - NTU management IP addresses/DNS names
 - S-VLAN and C-VLANs
 - QoS profiles and bandwidths
2. Verify Ethernet link port settings
3. Verify customer facing port on the NGN node (SAP - Service Access Point) port settings
4. Verify QoS at the SAP and the customer (bandwidth sharing/EIL)
5. Verify if the NTU is contactable
6. Verify the SVLAN and CVLAN configurations on each SAP
7. Verify the SVLAN and CVLAN configurations on the NTU flows

First level is Front or Back Office (dependent on SLA), escalation to Second level (Business support specialist) takes place as soon as First level has completed triage and First level standard resolution steps.

Second level escalates to vendor support after more detailed analysis of the fault conditions has been completed.

In practice, where a fault concerns a single connection on a product e.g. degraded service, the BSS assigned will be in direct contact with the OAO during the fault diagnosis and resolution as the OAO's co-operation may be required to progress fault analysis (e.g. test windows, test file downloads) and assess the success of the fix.



Appendix 7 - Access arrangements for WEIL - Edge Node Handover (ENH)

The access arrangements for eircom to gain access to the OAO site to maintain their Edge Node Handover equipment is for bi-lateral agreement between the two parties. The following process forms a recommended template which can be adopted or modified as appropriate through a bi-lateral agreement between eircom and the OAO.

1. Accreditation

eircom, where required, will comply with any Operator accreditation procedures, prior to accessing an Operator site.

Any such accreditation will be undertaken on an eircom corporate basis. Operator accreditation procedures must be provided to eircom in writing in advance of the finalisation of any agreement.

Operator Site Briefing

An eircom representative may attend a briefing, if provided by the Operator, which may cover the following topics:

- ▶ Operator site access and security procedures
- ▶ On site knowledge test
- ▶ General health and safety requirements for the Operator's site.

Use of Contractors

eircom will be permitted to use contractors to undertake work on behalf of eircom on eircom's equipment located at an Operator site.

eircom will not accredit each contractor however all contractors working on behalf of eircom will be registered.

eircom will be responsible for ensuring that its contractors and employees adhere to the Operator's health and safety and access security requirements as provided by the Operator to eircom..

Escorted Access

eircom requires that all eircom access to Operator's premises should be escorted by an Operator's Clerk of Works This is in the interests of the Operator and eircom in order to secure their respective assets from damage . eircom will employ only suitably qualified personnel

2. Physical / Unforeseen material change

Material change

When requesting access to do material change eircom will

- Submit a schedule of work to the Operator for approval. The schedule of work should include relevant plans and specifications for the work to be carried out,
- Upon approval of the document, eircom then follows the Planned Access Request process (refer to section below).



Only the Planned Access process can be used for material change.

Unforeseen material change

When requesting access to do unforeseen material change, eircom may use either the Planned or Unplanned Access processes.

3. Access Request

When eircom requires access, eircom will contact the Operator to place its request for access, using a Notification of Access (NA) Form.

Forms will be sent by e-mail to the Operator and will include such details as:

- ▶ the location
- ▶ date and time at which access is required
- ▶ the requested duration of the access visit
- ▶ a contact number of the person in charge of works on site
- ▶ the name(s) of the eircom representative(s).

Planned Access Request

Where an eircom request is for Planned Access, the following process shall apply:

- ▶ eircom sends a Notification of Access form to the Operator's Point Of Contact (POC)
- ▶ The Operator's POC confirms he has an approved schedule of work for the work to be carried out
- ▶ The Operator's POC acknowledges the form by either accepting or rejecting it
- ▶ Where the request is accepted, the Operator returns the access request form acknowledging the access is either as requested or with whatever changes are required.
- ▶ Where the request is rejected, or changed the reason(s) for rejection or change will be given.
- ▶ Where no response is received eircom will proceed with the work
- ▶ The eircom and Operator staff meet at the designated site at the designated date and time

The timelines for this process are defined in figure 1 in section 4.

Unplanned Access Request

An Unplanned Access Request may be submitted in the following situations:

- ▶ In case of an emergency (eg loss of service)
- ▶ Where eircom requires access in order to investigate a service affecting fault or service affecting interference

Where an eircom request is for Unplanned Access during normal hours, the following process shall apply:

- ▶ eircom sends a Notification of Access form by email to the Operator's POC
- ▶ The Operator's POC will acknowledge the form either accepting or rejecting it



- Where the request is accepted, the Operator returns the access request form for that request.
- Where the request is rejected, the reason(s) for rejection will be given
- Where no response is received eircom will proceed with the work
- The eircom and Operator staff meet at the designated site at the designated date and time

Outside these times emergency access procedures must be used.

An emergency access process must be established with the Operator. This process must be formally documented and recorded by both parties.

Note that any delay in gaining access to the Operator site eg to repair a fault will impact on the Service Level Agreement (SLA) for the product.

Additional Access Requirements

eircom will discuss with Operators any additional access requirements to facilitate any further site provision.

Such special requirements include, but are not limited to:

- Method of delivery of equipment
- Additional access requirements
- Additional space requirements

Changes to Access Requests

If it becomes necessary for eircom to reschedule or cancel an Access Request, eircom should make contact with the Operator's Point Of Contact at the earliest opportunity.

4. Access Times

The Operator will provide eircom with access to their equipment at any time. Although most access visits are expected to take place during normal office hours on week-days (Standard hours 09:00 to 18:00) excluding bank holidays, access outside these hours should also be available.

Access Times are specified in Figure 1.

	Time	Days
Standard Hours	09:00 to 18:00	Monday to Friday Excluding public holidays
Outside Standard Hours	all other times	

Table 5: Access Times

5. Access Lead Times

Planned Access

In most cases access requests will be for routine activities that can be planned in advance. In this case, eircom will submit a Planned Access request to the Operator. Table 6 lists the minimum lead times for Planned Access.



Standard Hours	Acknowledgement - the Operator will accept or reject the request for access 1 working day from date of despatch of Notification of Access form by eircom to the Operator
	Minimum notice period: 2 working days from date of despatch of Notification of Access form by eircom to the Operator
Outside Standard Hours	Acknowledgement - that is, confirmation of request 1 working day from date of despatch of Notification of Access form by eircom to the Operator
	Minimum notice period: 2 working days from date of despatch of Notification of Access form by eircom to the Operator

Table 6: Access Lead Times

Unplanned Access

If eircom requires access in less than the standard access lead-time, then the access request is said to be an unplanned access request.

Standard Hours	Time of Access: within 3 clock hours of requested time of access stated on the Notification of Access form
Outside Standard Hours	Time of Access: within 4 clock hours of requested time of access on the Notification of Access form

Table 7: Lead Times for Gaining Unplanned Access

6. On-Site Procedures

Identification

eircom's staff and their contractors will carry an eircom photographic identification card (ENSUP Card) as proof of their identity and will display it at all times during the visit.

Responsibilities of eircom

It is the responsibility of eircom to ensure that all staff or contractors have appropriate ENSUP card to allow them access to the Operator site.

Escorts

The Operator will provide an escort to supervise the access visit.

Working Practices

Whilst being subject to the appropriate Health & Safety legislation and emergency procedures, eircom's personnel are free to work hours as agreed with their employer.